

4.4 #18 Find a basis for the solution space of the following homogeneous linear system:

$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 + 5x_4 = 0$$

$$2x_1 + 6x_2 + 9x_3 + 5x_4 = 0$$

First get the coefficient matrix:  $2 \times 5$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 6 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use elementary row operations to get the <sup>reduced</sup> echelon form:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 6 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-2R_1 + R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{-4R_2 + R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Leading variables:  $x_1, x_3$

Free variables:  $x_2, x_4$

Set  $x_2, x_4$  equal to ~~the~~ parameters  $r, s$

$$x_2 = r, \quad x_4 = s, \quad x_3 = 5x_4 = 5s$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 25x_4 = 0 \implies x_1 = -3r - 25s$$

$$\implies x = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3r - 25s \\ r \\ 5s \\ s \end{pmatrix} = r \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + s \begin{pmatrix} -25 \\ 0 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Therefore, a basis for the solution space is  $S = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -25 \\ 0 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$ .



4.3 #11:  $w$  as a linear combination of  $v_1, v_2$  where

$$w = (1, 0, 0, -1), v_1 = (7, -6, 4, 5), v_2 = (3, -3, 2, 3)$$

Try to find  $c_1, c_2$  s.t.  $w = c_1 v_1 + c_2 v_2$

$$\Rightarrow c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -6 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\Rightarrow$  The augmented coefficient matrix is:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 3 & 1 \\ -6 & -3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2+R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -3 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{3}R_2 \\ \frac{1}{2}R_2 \end{array} \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2R_1+R_2 \\ -2R_2+R_3 \\ -5R_1+R_5 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} (-1)R_2 \\ 2R_2+R_3 \\ 3R_2+R_4 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

No inconsistencies, 2 leading variables

Solve by back substitution:

$$c_2 = -2, c_1 = 1 \Rightarrow w = v_1 - 2v_2$$