

1-academic-examples

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```
[1]: from sympy import *  
from DifferentialAlgebra import *  
init_printing ()
```

0.1 First Example

```
[2]: xi = var('xi')  
x, y = function ('x, y')
```

Given $y =$ a series in x , find an ODE for y . Independent variables cannot be eliminated:

define x as a differential indeterminate
rename the independent variable as xi

```
[3]: sought_series = xi**2  
sought_series
```

[3]: ξ^2

```
[4]: syst = [Eq (y(xi),x(xi)**2), Eq(Derivative(x(xi),xi),1)]  
syst
```

[4]: $\left[y(\xi) = x^2(\xi), \frac{d}{d\xi} x(\xi) = 1 \right]$

The blocks list provides the ranking: $x > y$ (eliminate x)

```
[6]: R = DifferentialRing (derivations = [xi], blocks = [x,y])  
R
```

[6]: differential_ring

```
[8]: ideal = R.RosenfeldGroebner (syst)  
ideal
```

[8]: [regular_differential_chain]

```
[9]: A = ideal[0]  
A.equations (solved=True)
```

[9]:
$$\left[\left(\frac{d}{d\xi} y(\xi) \right)^2 = 4y(\xi), x(\xi) = \frac{\frac{d}{d\xi} y(\xi)}{2} \right]$$

p is the sought ODE

```
[10]: p = A.equations ()[0]
p
```

[10]:
$$-4y(\xi) + \left(\frac{d}{d\xi} y(\xi) \right)^2$$

```
[11]: R.evaluate (p, {y(xi):sought_series})
```

[11]:
$$-4\xi^2 + \left(\frac{d}{d\xi} \xi^2 \right)^2$$

```
[12]: R.evaluate (p, {y(xi):xi**2}).doit ()
```

[12]: 0

0.2 Second Example

```
[13]: xi = var('xi')
x, y, z = indexedbase ('x, y, z')
```

```
[14]: sought_series = xi**2 + xi**(3/Integer(2))
sought_series
```

[14]:
$$\xi^{\frac{3}{2}} + \xi^2$$

The notation used for differential equations is the 'jet' one

```
[15]: syst = [Eq(y,x**2 + z), Eq(z**2,x**3), x[xi] - 1]
syst
```

[15]:
$$[y = x^2 + z, z^2 = x^3, x_\xi - 1]$$

The blocks list provides the ranking: (z,x) > y

```
[16]: R = DifferentialRing (derivations = [xi], blocks = [[z,x],y], notation = 'jet')
R
```

[16]: differential_ring

```
[17]: ideal = R.RosenfeldGroebner (syst)
ideal
```

[17]: [regular_differential_chain]

```
[18]: A = ideal[0]
      A.equations (solved=True)
```

```
[18]: 
$$\left[ y_{\xi}^4 = \frac{y_{\xi}^3}{2} + 8y_{\xi}^2y - 16y^2 - \frac{27y}{16}, x = \frac{-192y_{\xi}^3 - 12y_{\xi}^2 + 1280y_{\xi}y + 720y}{1024y - 27}, z = \frac{216y_{\xi}^3 + 512y_{\xi}^2y - 1440y_{\xi}y - 2048y^2 - 128y}{1024y - 27} \right]$$

```

```
[20]: p = A.equations ()[0]
      p
```

```
[20]:  $16y_{\xi}^4 - 8y_{\xi}^3 - 128y_{\xi}^2y + 256y^2 + 27y$ 
```

```
[21]: simplify (R.evaluate(p, {y:sought_series}).doit())
```

```
[21]: 0
```

```
[ ]:
```